Live Like the Doctrine We Preach

Ephesians 4.1–6 Don Ruhl • Savage Street, Grants Pass, Oregon • July 12, In the year of our Lord Christ, 2020

Prelude:

- I. This now begins what some would call the Practical section.
 - A. <u>Chapters 1–3</u> laid the doctrinal groundwork.
 - B. <u>Chapters 4–6</u> show us how to put the doctrine into practice.
 - 1. Eugene Peterson put it like this:

"We are at a transition point in Ephesians, moving from an exuberant exploration of who God is and the way he works to a detailed account of who we are and the way we work."

- Practice Resurrection, p. 166

II. What was the doctrinal groundwork?

- A. Spiritual blessings are in Christ in the heavenly places (1.3–23).
- B. Gentiles have been saved by grace through faith (2.1-13).
- C. God brings all people together in the church (2.14–3.20).

III. How do we live that doctrine?

Persuasion:

- I. A Prisoner Urged Them
 - 1 I, therefore, the prisoner of the Lord...
 - A. Why did Paul throw in there that he was a prisoner of the Lord?
 - 1. Look at what he is about to urge them to do.
 - 2. He would urge them to practice the unity among themselves
 - a) for which Jesus had died, and
 - b) for which Paul was in prison.
 - (1) Paul was often persecuted for preaching to Gentiles.

- (2) So they needed to know that he practiced what he preached.
- B. The Lord had already sacrificed much and Paul had too.
 - 1. Therefore, he was not asking them to do anything that he had not done.
 - 2. Truly, he had been preaching these things and that is how he became a prisoner.

II. Walk Worthy of Your Calling

...beseech you to walk worthy of the calling with which you were called...

- A. Paul could have commanded, but
 - 1. he wrote to them with a spirit that was congruous to what he had taught.
 - 2. Therefore, he pleaded with them.
- B. Does it not make sense to walk worthy of the calling with which we were called?
 - 1. Into what has the Lord called us?
 - 2. How can we say we believe what Paul taught in the first half of the letter, but then not live it?
 - a) Notice Titus 1.16.
 - b) If we do not live according to our calling, we will quickly deny our message.
 - (1) Hypocrisy turns people off.
 - (2) Doesn't our nation need to see us living <u>1.3–3.21</u> right now?

III. Qualities that Make Our Walk Worthy

2 with all lowliness and gentleness, with longsuffering, bearing with one another in love, 3 endeavoring to keep the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace.

- A. Think of how Jesus lived and died to bring the world together in his body?
 - 1. Was he not lowly?
 - 2. Was he not gentle?

- 3. Was he not longsuffering?
- 4. Did he not bear with humanity in love?
 - a) Yes, to all the questions and
 - b) see what he accomplished.
- B. Why do we need these qualities when striving for unity?
 - 1. Unity implies that previously there was disunity.
 - 2. Many reasons may exist for that previous disunity, or it might simply be that one group did not like the other group.
 - a) Then they both enter Christ and enter the church.
 - b) Sometimes problems between the two groups might arise,
 - (1) threatening the unity of the Spirit.
 - (2) See <u>Acts 6</u>.
 - 3. How do you want people working with you to bring you together with someone or a group that you had once considered an enemy?
 - a) I think you would open your heart to someone who has
 - b) all lowliness and gentleness, longsuffering, and can bear with others in love.
 - (1) Problems are going to arise, but
 - (2) when you have people with these characteristics working on the problem,
 - (a) conflicts will be resolved.
 - (b)
- C. We then endeavor to keep the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace.
 - 1. The world has conflict and trouble among their various tribes.
 - 2. The world really needs to see us living this message.
 - a) We are so quick to divide, denying the message.
 - b) Let us work without ceasing for unity.

IV. The Unity of the Spirit

- 4 There is one body and one Spirit, just as you were called in one hope of your calling; 5 one Lord, one faith, one baptism; 6 one God and Father of all, who is above all, and through all, and in you all.
- A. Why do you think Paul noted "one body" first?
 - 1. That has been the point of his letter thus far.
- B. All of these "ones," are in harmony with what he had been teaching.
 - 1. There is only one of each of those things,
 - 2. that is only one for humanity.
 - a) There is not a separate body for each of the different people groups.
 - b) There is another Spirit for one group and another Spirit for another one.